## GCE

## Chemistry A

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

## Mark Scheme for June 2013

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

## Annotations

Annotations available in Scoris.

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :---: |
| BOD | Benefit of doubt given |
| CON | Contradiction |
| 3 | Incorrect response |
| ECF | Error carried forward |
| I | Ignore |
| NAQ | Not answered question |
| NBOD | Benefit of doubt not given |
| POT | Power of 10 error |
| $\wedge$ | Omission mark |
| RE | Rounding error |
| SF | Error in number of significant figures |
| $\checkmark$ | Correct response |
| SEEN | Noted but no credit given |
| REP | Repeat |

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :---: | :--- |
| DO NOT ALLOW | Answers which are not worthy of credit |
| IGNORE | Statements which are irrelevant |
| ALLOW | Answers that can be accepted |
| () | Words which are not essential to gain credit |
| - | Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark |
| ECF | Error carried forward |
| AW | Or reverse argument |
| ORA |  |

All questions should be annotated with ticks to show where marks have been awarded in the body of the text.
All questions where an ECF has been applied should also be annotated with the ECF annotation.
Use the omission mark where the answer is not sufficient to be awarded a mark.

## Generic comments

## ORGANIC STRUCTURES

For a 'structure' or 'structural formula',

- ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous)

For an alkyl group shown within a structure,

- ALLOW bond drawn to C or H ,
eg ALLOW $\mathrm{CH}_{3}-, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-, \mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{7}-$, etc
- ALLOW vertical 'bond' to any part of an alkyl group

For an OH group shown within a structure,

- DO NOT ALLOW formula with horizontal -HO OR —HO
- ALLOW vertical 'bond' to any part of the OH group

For a CHO group shown within a structure,

- DO NOT ALLOW COH

For a 3D structure

- For bond in the plane of paper, a solid line is expected:
- For bond out of plane of paper, a solid wedge is expected:
- For bond into plane of paper, ALLOW:
- ALLOW a hollow wedge for 'in bond' OR an 'out bond', provided it is different from the other in or out wedge eg:



## NAMES

Names including alkyl groups:

- ALLOW alkanyl, eg ethanyl (ie IGNORE 'an')
- DO NOT ALLOW alkol, eg ethol (ie ‘an’ is essential)

Names of esters:

- Two words are expected, eg ethyl ethanoate
- ALLOW one word, eg ethylethanoate

Names with multiple numbers and hyphens:
Use of 'e'

- ALLOW superfluous 'e', eg propane-1-ol ('e' is kept if followed by consonant)
- ALLOW absence of 'e', eg propan-1,2-diol ('e' is omitted if followed by vowel)

Hyphens separate name from numbers:

- ALLOW absence of hyphens, eg propane 1,2 diol

Multiple locant numbers must be clearly separated:

- ALLOW full stops: eg 1.2 OR spaces: 12
- DO NOT ALLOW eg 12

Locant numbers in formula must be correct

## - DO NOT ALLOW propan-3-ol

Order of substituents should be alphabetical:

- ALLOW any order (as long as unambiguous), eg 2-chloro-3-bromobutane


## ABBREVIATIONS

van der Waal's forces
ALLOW vdw forces OR VDW forces (and any combination of upper and lower cases)

| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | (a) | (i) | $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{22} \checkmark$ |  | 1 |
|  |  | (ii) | Correct skeletal formula $\checkmark$ |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) | (iii) | B has less surface (area of) contact OR ORA <br> AND <br> B has fewer van der Waals' forces OR B has weaker van der Waals' forces OR ORA $\checkmark$ | 2 | Both answers need to be comparisons <br> Assume 'it' refers to B <br> ALLOW B has less points of contact AND fewer VDW <br> DO NOT ALLOW less points of contact between atoms <br> Reference to just surface area or closeness of molecules is not sufficient. IGNORE if not qualified <br> IGNORE B more compact OR B has a shorter chain <br> DO NOT ALLOW B is a smaller molecule <br> DO NOT ALLOW B has fewer electrons <br> Intermolecular forces is not sufficient for the first marking point must refer to van der Waals' <br> ALLOW ORA throughout in terms of $\mathbf{A}$ if specified <br> ALLOW in B it takes less energy to overcome the intermolecular forces <br> ALLOW it is easier to overcome the intermolecular forces <br> DO NOT ALLOW so less energy is needed to break bonds <br> DO NOT ALLOW intermolecular bonds |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (b) | (i) | Correct equation for the cracking of $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{32} \checkmark$ eg $\mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{32} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{28}+\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4}$ | 1 | ALLOW molecular formula OR correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) <br> ALLOW any correct equation that has an alkane and alkene(s) (and hydrogen) as products OR has alkenes and hydrogen as products $\begin{aligned} & \text { e.g. } \mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{32} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{24}+2 \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{4} \\ & \mathrm{C}_{15} \mathrm{H}_{32} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12}+\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{18}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \end{aligned}$ <br> IGNORE state symbols |
|  | (ii) | (idea that) any carbon-carbon bond (in the chain) can break $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW carbon chain can break in many different places <br> ALLOW the position of breakdown of the carbon chain is random <br> ALLOW the carbon chain can break in many different places <br> ALLOW carbon chain can split in many different places <br> Carbon chain is cracked in many places is not sufficient <br> Molecule can break anywhere is not sufficient / cannot control where the molecule breaks is not sufficient <br> Molecule can form many different chain lengths is not sufficient |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | (c) | (i) | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Any cyclic hydrocarbon with eight carbon atoms in all } \checkmark \\ \text { eg }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula } \\ \text { OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) }\end{array}$ |
| ALLOW equation with the correct product |  |  |  |  |$\}$| DO NOT ALLOW if any other extra structure is included which |
| :--- |
| is incorrect |
| DO NOT ALLOW 'aromatic cyclooctatetraene' but ALLOW this |
| as a normal structural formula |
| IGNORE hydrogen as an extra product |
| IGNORE any name given |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (c) | (ii) | Cyclic hydrocarbons promote efficient combustion $\checkmark$ | 1 | The answer must relate to combustion or burning <br> ALLOW cyclic hydrocarbons allow smoother burning OR cyclic hydrocarbons increase octane number OR cyclic hydrocarbons reduce knocking OR cyclic hydrocarbons are less likely to produce pre-ignition OR cyclic hydrocarbons are more efficient fuels OR cyclic hydrocarbons burn better OR easier to burn OR cyclic hydrocarbon combust more easily OR improves combustion <br> DO NOT ALLOW cyclic hydrocarbons ignite more easily <br> ALLOW ora for straight chain hydrocarbons <br> IGNORE cyclic hydrocarbons increase volatility of fuel IGNORE cyclic hydrocarbons have a lower boiling point <br> Cyclic hydrocarbons are a better fuel on their own is NOT sufficient <br> Cyclic hydrocarbons burn more cleanly on their own is NOT sufficient |
|  |  |  | Total | 9 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (a) | (i) | E and $\mathrm{H} \checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW pentan-2-ol and 2-methylbutan-2-ol |
|  |  | (ii) | H $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW 2-methylbutan-2-ol |
|  |  | (iii) | F $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW propan-1-ol |
|  | (b) | (i) | $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O} \checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW any order of atoms DO NOT ALLOW $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{OH}$ |
|  |  | (ii) | 2-methylpentan-3-ol $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW 2-methylpentane-3-ol <br> ALLOW absence of hyphens or use of commas <br> ALLOW space between methyl and pentan <br> DO NOT ALLOW 2-methylpent-3-ol OR 2-methypentan-3-ol <br> OR 2-metpentan-3-ol, 4-methylpentan-3-ol etc |
|  | (c) |  | (series of compound) with same functional group $\checkmark$ <br> and each successive member differing by $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \checkmark$ | 2 | IGNORE with same or similar chemical properties OR same or similar chemical reactions <br> IGNORE references to physical properties or named physical properties vary with an observable trend. <br> IGNORE have similar or the same physical properties <br> IGNORE has same general formula <br> ALLOW each subsequent member varying by $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ <br> DO NOT ALLOW have the same empirical formula OR have the same molecular formula |



| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | (a) |  | alkene <br> ester $\checkmark$ | 2 | ALLOW carbon-carbon double bond OR a C-C double bond <br> A double bonded carbon is not sufficient $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}$ is not sufficient <br> Carbon-carbon multiple bond is not sufficient <br> Ketone / carbonyl / aldehyde / carboxylic acid contradicts the ester mark |
|  | (b) |  | contains a C=C bond $\checkmark$ | 1 | Contains a double bond is not sufficient Carbon-carbon multiple bond is not sufficient DO NOT ALLOW contains a $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ bond |
|  | (c) |  | (from) orange (to) colourless $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW shades of orange OR yellow OR brown ALLOW orange to decolourised <br> DO NOT ALLOW red alone <br> DO NOT ALLOW any response that includes precipitate OR solid, irrespective of colour <br> DO NOT ALLOW clear for colourless |
|  | (d) | (i) | Same structural formula <br> AND <br> different arrangement (of atoms) in space OR different spatial arrangement | 1 | ALLOW have the same structure/displayed formula/skeletal formula <br> DO NOT ALLOW same empirical formula OR same general formula <br> Stereoisomers have the same formula or molecular formula is not sufficient <br> Different three dimensional arrangement is not sufficient Reference to $E / Z$ isomerism or optical isomerism is not sufficient |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | (d) | (ii) |  | 1 | Any writing must not contradict the diagram <br> IGNORE any other feature of the structure drawn <br> ALLOW the $\mathbf{J}$ will be the $E$ isomer and $I$ is the $Z$ isomer <br> ALLOW the $\mathbf{J}$ will be the trans isomer and $\mathbf{I}$ is the cis isomer <br> ALLOW a description, eg the other isomer will have (carbon) chains diagonally arranged across the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}$ or the other isomer will have hydrogen atoms diagonally arranged across the $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}$ bond <br> DO NOT ALLOW draw trans but label as cis |
|  | (e) | (i) | (Enthalpy change that occurs) when one mole of a substance <br> completely combusts OR reacts fully with oxygen $\checkmark$ | 2 | ALLOW energy required OR energy released <br> ALLOW (energy change) when one mole of an element / compound / molecule / reactant <br> DO NOT ALLOW one mole of reactants / product / substances / fuel / atoms <br> ALLOW combusts in excess oxygen ALLOW burns in excess oxygen <br> DO NOT ALLOW combust in excess air <br> IGNORE fully oxidised <br> IGNORE any conditions stated |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | (e) | (ii) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE <br> IF answer = 7.06(42), award 2 marks. <br> IF answer = 7.1, award 1 mark. $\begin{aligned} & q=50.0 \times 4.18 \times 33.8 \text { OR } 7064.2(\mathrm{~J}) \checkmark \\ & =7.06(42)(\mathrm{kJ}) \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | ALLOW 7.06 up to calculator value of 7.0642 correctly rounded <br> DO NOT ALLOW ECF from marking point 1 IGNORE negative sign in answer |
|  |  | (iii) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer $=0.005(00)$, award 2 marks. $\begin{aligned} & M_{r}=268.0 \checkmark \\ & \text { amount used }=0.005(00)(\mathrm{mol}) \end{aligned}$ | 2 | IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below <br> ALLOW 268 <br> ALLOW $5 \times 10^{-3}$ <br> ALLOW ECF from incorrect $M_{r}$ <br> IGNORE trailing zeros |
|  |  | (iv) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE <br> IF answer = -1413, award 3 marks. <br> IF answer = 1413, award 2 marks. $\begin{aligned} & \Delta H=\frac{\text { answer to (ii) }}{\text { answer to (iii) }} \text { OR } \frac{7.0642}{0.005} \\ & 1413 \end{aligned}$ <br> minus sign (this is an independent mark) $\checkmark$ | 3 | IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below <br> ALLOW ECF from (ii) and (iii) <br> ALLOW 1410 up to calculator value of 1412.84 correctly rounded <br> ALLOW answers in standard form $1.41 \times 10^{3}$ up to calculator value of $1.41284 \times 10^{3}$ correctly rounded <br> Answer must be at least three significant figures <br> ALLOW 1412 if answer to (ii) is 7.06 <br> ALLOW 1420 if answer to (ii) is 7.1 |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | (e) | (v) | incomplete combustion OR not sufficient oxygen available AND carbon is formed $\checkmark$ | 1 | IGNORE soot is formed, carbon monoxide is formed or carbon dioxide is formed |
|  | (f) |  | $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{CO}_{2}+2 \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH} \checkmark$ <br> use of yeast OR zymase $\checkmark$ <br> anaerobic OR absence of oxygen OR any temperature between 20 and $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ OR water OR aqueous $\checkmark$ | 3 | ALLOW correct molecular OR structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) <br> IGNORE state symbols <br> Enzyme is not sufficient <br> DO NOT ALLOW acid catalyst <br> If there is a contradiction or an incorrect answer in any condition given then do not award this mark. <br> ALLOW room temperature Temperature quoted must include unit <br> ALLOW conditions shown in the equation <br> IGNORE warm temperature <br> IGNORE heat/ warm <br> Body temperature is not sufficient <br> A limited supply of oxygen is not sufficient <br> IGNORE low pressure OR atmospheric pressure DO NOT ALLOW high pressure OR a pressure above 2 atmospheres |
|  |  |  | Total | 19 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | (a) | (i) | correct curly arrow from double bond to iodine atom and curly arrow from the $\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond to the bromine atom $\checkmark$ <br> correct carbonium ion OR correct carbocation $\checkmark$ <br> correct curly arrow from bromide ion to the (positive) carbon $\checkmark$ | 3 | Curly arrow must start from bond and go to correct atom DO NOT ALLOW partial charges on carbon-carbon double bond <br> DO NOT ALLOW $\delta+$ on carbon atom <br> The positive charge must be associated with the carbon atom and not with a bond Make certain the carbonium ion includes the iodine atom <br> Curly arrow must come from any lone pair or the negative sign of the bromide ion <br> The lone pair on the bromide ion does not need to be shown |
|  |  | (ii) | Electrophilic addition $\checkmark$ | 1 |  |
|  |  | (iii) |  | 1 | ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) eg $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{BrCHICH}_{3}$ <br> IGNORE any name given |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | (i) | Ultraviolet OR UV $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW high temperature OR $300{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ IGNORE light/radiation DO NOT ALLOW any catalyst |
|  | (ii) | (free) radical substitution $\checkmark$ <br> (Initiation step) <br> $\mathrm{IBr} \rightarrow \mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{I}$ <br> homolytic fission $\checkmark$ <br> (Propagation steps) <br> $\mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{CH}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{HBr}+\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ $\mathrm{CH}_{3}+\mathrm{IBr} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}+\mathrm{Br}$ <br> (Termination steps) $\mathrm{I}+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}$ <br> $\mathrm{ORBr}+\mathrm{Br} \rightarrow \mathrm{Br}_{2}$ <br> ORI + I $\rightarrow \mathrm{I}_{2}$ <br> OR Br $+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ <br> $\mathrm{ORCH}_{3}+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$ <br> ORI $+\mathrm{Br} \rightarrow \mathrm{IBr} \checkmark$ <br> QWC propagation linked to correct equations $\mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{CH}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{HBr}+\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ $\mathrm{CH}_{3}+\mathrm{IBr} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{I}+\mathrm{Br}$ <br> AND initiation linked to correct equation $\mathrm{IBr} \rightarrow \mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{I} \checkmark$ | 7 | Use the SEEN annotation on page 11 if blank or no credit can be given <br> IGNORE any state symbols in equations <br> Radicals do NOT need a single dot <br> IGNORE dots <br> DO NOT ALLOW homolytical fission Heterolytic anywhere in the answer contradicts this mark <br> IGNORE I $+\mathrm{CH}_{4} \rightarrow \mathrm{HI}+\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ <br> IGNORE $\mathrm{CH}_{3}+\mathrm{IBr} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}+\mathrm{I}$ <br> DO NOT ALLOW equations with H OR any other incorrect equation (i.e. not one of the four propagation steps shown) <br> ALLOW any other suitable termination steps DO NOT ALLOW termination steps with H <br> QWC can only be given if marking points 2, 4 and 5 have been awarded |
|  |  | Total | 13 |  |


|  | uestio | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | (a) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE <br> IF answer = -4596, award 3 marks. <br> IF answer $=+4596$ award 2 marks. $(-) 116 \checkmark$ $(-) 4480 \checkmark$ | 3 | IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below <br> ALLOW 116 <br> OR $-4(+54)-5(-20)$ <br> OR - $216+100$ <br> ALLOW 4480 <br> OR 4(-394) + 12(-242) <br> OR -1576 - 2904 <br> ALLOW ecf from $\Delta H_{\text {products }}-\Delta H_{\text {reactants }}$ <br> ALLOW for 2 marks <br> (+)4596 (cycle the wrong way round) <br> OR -4364 ( $\Delta H_{\text {reactants }}$ the incorrect sign) <br> OR $(+) 4364$ ( $\Delta H_{\text {products }}$ the incorrect sign) <br> OR -752 (moles not used for products) <br> OR -4514 (moles not used for reactants) <br> ALLOW for 1 mark <br> ${ }^{(+) 752}$ (moles not used for products and the cycle the wrong way round) <br> OR (+)4514 (moles not used for reactants and the cycle the wrong way round) <br> OR -670 (moles not used for reactants and products) <br> Note: There may be other possibilities |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | (b) | (i) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE <br> IF answer $=+820$, award $\mathbf{2}$ marks. <br> IF answer $=-820$ or +1640 award 1 mark. <br> amount of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}=10(\mathrm{~mol}) \checkmark$ <br> enthalpy change $=(+) 820 \checkmark$ | 2 | IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below <br> ALLOW ECF, ie moles of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O} \times$ enthalpy of formation |
|  |  | (ii) | (+)82 $\checkmark$ | 1 |  |
|  |  | (iii) | (+)283 $\checkmark$ | 1 |  |
|  | (c) |  | $\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{O} \text { AND } \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}_{3} \checkmark$ <br> rate of ozone decomposition (almost) equals rate of ozone formation $\checkmark$ | 2 | ALLOW $\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{O}$ <br> ALLOW $\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}_{2}+\mathrm{O}$ is reversible <br> ALLOW O $+\mathrm{O}_{2} \rightarrow \mathrm{O}_{3}$ is reversible <br> IGNORE dots <br> IGNORE other equations involving ozone, eg $\mathrm{O}+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{O}_{2}$ <br> IGNORE comments about an equilibrium <br> ALLOW rate of forward reaction is similar to the rate of the backward reaction if marking point 1 is awarded |
|  | (d) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \checkmark \\ & \mathrm{NO}_{2}+\mathrm{O} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{O}_{2} \checkmark \end{aligned}$ | 2 | $\text { ALLOW } \mathrm{NO}_{2}+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{NO}+2 \mathrm{O}_{2} \checkmark$ <br> IGNORE dots <br> IGNORE O $+\mathrm{O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{2O}_{2}$ <br> IGNORE $\mathrm{2O}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{3O}_{2}$ |
|  |  |  | Total | 11 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q | (a) | (i) | $256 \checkmark$ | 1 |  |
|  |  | (ii) | $S_{8} \checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW ${ }^{32} \mathrm{~S}_{8} \mathrm{OR}^{32} \mathrm{~S}_{8}$ DO NOT ALLOW ${ }^{33} \mathrm{~S}_{8} \mathrm{OR}{ }_{16}^{30} \mathrm{~S}_{8}$ etc |
|  |  | (iii) | $S_{4}^{+} \downarrow$ | 1 | Positive ion must be present ALLOW ${ }^{32} \mathrm{~S}_{4}{ }^{+}$OR ${ }_{16}^{32} \mathrm{~S}_{4}{ }^{+}$ DO NOT ALLOW ${ }^{33} \mathrm{~S}_{4}{ }^{+}$OR ${ }_{16}^{30} \mathrm{~S}_{4}{ }^{+}$etc |
|  | (b) |  | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE <br> IF answer = 195.2, award 2 marks. <br> IF answer = 195.16 award 1 marks . $\begin{aligned} & =\frac{(194 \times 33)+(195 \times 34)+(196 \times 25)+(198 \times 8)}{100} \\ & 195.2 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 195 on its own with no working scores 0 marks |
|  | (c) |  | Monitor air pollution OR breathalysers $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW measure the concentration or abundance of atmospheric pollutants <br> ALLOW measure concentration of named atmospheric pollutant <br> ALLOW monitoring of gases in car exhaust fumes <br> ALLOW drug detection or drug identification <br> IGNORE night vision goggles, identifying gases on distant planets / ice samples |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | (d) | mole ratio C: H: O <br> $\frac{66.7}{12.0}: \frac{11.1}{1.0}: \frac{22.2}{16.0}$ OR $5.56: 11.1: 1.39 \checkmark$ <br> 4:8:1 OR $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}$, <br> contains a $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ or carbonyl because of absorbance at about $1710 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} \checkmark$ <br> Any two from: | 5 | PLEASE LOOK AT THE SPECTRA AND ABOVE THE SPECTRA FOR POSSIBLE ANSWERS <br> ALLOW two marks for $\begin{aligned} & 72 \times 66.7 / 100=48 / 12=4(\mathrm{C}) \\ & 72 \times 11.1 / 100=8=8(\mathrm{H}) \\ & 72 \times 22.2 / 100=16=1(\mathrm{O}) \end{aligned}$ <br> ALLOW C=O or carbonyl since has absorbance within the range 1640 to $1750 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ <br> ALLOW ketone OR aldehyde linked to correct absorbance ALLOW 'could be aldehyde, ketone, carboxylic acid, ester (or amide) because of absorbance between range 1640 to $1750 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, (ie direct quote from the data book) <br> DO NOT ALLOW reference to $M$ being a carboxylic acid, ester or amide unless they are included in a list with aldehyde/ketone in which case IGNORE carboxylic acid/ester/amide <br> IGNORE reference to $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ / absence of $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H}$ DO NOT ALLOW has O—H <br> ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) eg $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ OR $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CHCHO}$ <br> DO NOT ALLOW $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{7} \mathrm{CHO}$ <br> IGNORE incorrect name <br> correct name on its own is not sufficient |
|  |  | Total | 11 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | (a) |  | N $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW $\mathrm{CF}_{3} \mathrm{CFCl}_{2}$ |
|  | (b) | (i) | S $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW CH ${ }_{3} \mathrm{CHBrCH}_{2} \mathrm{CHICH}_{3}$ |
|  |  | (ii) | curly arrow from $\mathrm{HO}^{-}$to carbon atom of $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond <br> Dipole shown on $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond, $\mathrm{C}^{\delta+}$ and $\mathrm{Br}^{\delta-}$, and curly arrow from $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond to the halogen atom - arrow must be very close to the bond $\checkmark$ <br> correct products of the reaction - not ambiguous with the $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{7} \checkmark$ <br> nucleophilic substitution $\checkmark$ | 4 | The curly arrow must start from the oxygen atom of the $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$, and must start either from a lone pair or from the negative charge. No need to show lone pair if curly arrow came from negative charge <br> DO NOT ALLOW attack by KOH or $\mathrm{K}^{+} \mathrm{OH}^{-}$ <br> ALLOW $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{N}} 1$ <br> Dipole shown on $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond, $\mathrm{C}^{\delta+}$ and $\mathrm{Br}^{\delta-}$, and curly arrow from $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond to the halogen atom - arrow must be very close to the bond $\checkmark$ <br> Correct carbocation drawn AND curly arrow from $\mathrm{HO}^{-}$ to the carbocation (the curly arrow must start from the oxygen atom of the $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$, and must start either from a lone pair or from the negative charge. No need to show lone pair if curly arrow came from negative charge) <br> Correct products of the reaction - not ambiguous with the $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{7} \checkmark$ <br> nucleophilic substitution $\checkmark$ |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | (b) | (iii) | $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{l}$ bond is weaker than $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond OR C-I has a lower bond enthalpy than $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond OR C-I bond is longer than $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond <br> AND <br> $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{I}$ bond is easier to break than $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{Br}$ bond OR less energy is needed to break the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{I}$ bond | 1 | Answer must refer to the correct bond ALLOW ora IGNORE references to electronegativity |
|  | (c) |  | $\mathrm{HCl}+\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHCHCH}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHClCH}_{3}$ <br> Correct structural formula of product $\checkmark$ <br> Equation with structural formulae $\checkmark$ | 2 | Must use structural formulae for both organic compounds in the equation <br> ALLOW $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CHCH}_{3}$ for but-2-ene <br> ALLOW two marks for correct equation with structural formulae <br> ALLOW one mark for correct equation with displayed formulae <br> IGNORE any mechanisms |
|  | (d) |  | HCFCs OR hydrocarbons OR HFCs $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW alkanes DO NOT ALLOW specific alkanes |
|  |  |  | Total | 10 |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | (a) |  |  | 1 | ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) <br> ALLOW two or more repeat units but has to be a whole number of repeat units <br> ALLOW vertical bond to CN to any part of the CN <br> End bonds MUST be shown as either dotted or normal line <br> IGNORE brackets IGNORE $n$ |
|  | (b) |  | All the reactants are made into the desired product OR <br> it is an addition reaction $\checkmark$ | 1 | ALLOW there are no waste (products) OR there are no byproducts OR only one product is made ALLOW an addition polymer is made DO NOT ALLOW all the products are useful IGNORE additional reaction |



|  | uestion | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | (d) | FIRST, CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE IF answer = 95.5, award $\mathbf{2}$ marks. actual amount propenenitrile is 210 (mol) $\% \text { yield }=95.454545$ | 2 | IF there is an alternative answer, check to see if there is any ECF credit possible using working below <br> ALLOW theoretical mass of propenenitrile $=11660 \mathrm{~g}$ OR 11.66 kg <br> ALLOW 11700 OR 11.7kg <br> ALLOW 95 up to calculator value of 95.454545 correctly rounded up <br> ALLOW 95 up to calculator value of 95.128205 correctly rounded up if 11.7 kg is used' <br> ALLOW ecf from wrong actual mass or actual amount <br> DO NOT ALLOW ecf if percentage yield is above 100\% |



| Question | Answer | Marks | Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adding a catalyst <br> idea that activation energy is lowered with a catalyst $\checkmark$ |  | ALLOW $E_{c}$ OR $E_{\text {cat }}$ for activation energy of catalysed reaction <br> ALLOW activation lowered shown on Boltzmann distribution diagram |
|  | Collision theory <br> reaction is faster with catalyst AND when temperature is increased $\checkmark$ <br> Greater proportion of molecules with energy above activation energy (with increased temperature or when catalyst is used ) <br> more effective collisions OR more successful collisions (with increased temperature or when catalyst is used) $\checkmark$ |  | ALLOW more molecules with energy above activation energy OR more molecules that overcome the activation energy OR more molecules have enough energy to react ALLOW this marking point once either in terms of using a catalyst or increasing the temperature <br> ALLOW this marking point once either in terms of using a catalyst or increasing the temperature <br> ALLOW more collisions involving particles with energy above the activation energy <br> More collisions per second is not sufficient |
|  | Total | 16 |  |

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